

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

ĐÁP ÁN

Choose the word that has the underlined pronounced differently from the others. (1 mark)

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A <u>peasant</u> | B. appeal | C. <u>reason</u> | D. <u>teapot</u> |
| 2. A. chat | B. <u>panic</u> | C <u>park</u> | D. <u>pasenger</u> |
| 3. A. son | B. <u>sunshine</u> | C. <u>above</u> | D <u>woman</u> |
| 4. A. <u>romantic</u> | B <u>mature</u> | C. <u>mathmatics</u> | D. <u>humanity</u> |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (2 marks)

1. She is a(n) student. She has a fully developed mind.
A mature B. strong-willed C. ambitious D. romantic
2. She was disappointed to fail in two of her four
A subjects B. semesters C. lessons D. timetables
3. The house was fire and it took almost three hours to extinguish it.
A. at **B** on C. out D. for
4. We told the police what before they came.
A. happens B. happened C. has happened **D** had happened
5. Her brother spends too much time computing.
A. to study B. study **C** studying D. studies
6. - What did you want to talk about, Lan? – I'm considering home.
A. go **B** going C. to go D. went
7. information did you ask for?
A. How many B. How often C. How far **D** How much
8., Nam gets up at 6 a.m, but today is Sunday so he gets up a bit later.
A. Normal B. Normality C. Rarely **D** Normally

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words given in the brackets. (1.25 marks)

1. Dozens of ...**cyclists**... (cycle) are injured on the city roads every year.
2. ...**Humanitarian**... (human) aids must be sent to the Lybian refugees at once.
3. After lunch I ...**usually**.... (usual) take an hour's rest.
4. Marie harboured the dream of a ...**scientific**..... (science) career.
5. More and more young people want to get a university ...**education**. (educate)

Finish each of the following sentences, beginning with the given words or as directed so that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.5 marks)

1. Maria eats cereal for breakfast seven days a week.
Maria always.....**eats/has cereal for breakfast**....
2. He graduated from the National University and then worked as a physicist.
After....**he had graduated/graduated from the National University, he worked as a physicist**....
or After **graduating from the National University, he worked as a physicist**.
3. It was difficult for me not to laugh at Mary's hat.
I couldn't help.....**laughing at Mary's hat**.....
4. I go to the school library twice a week. (Making a question for the underlined words)
How....**often do you go to the school library**.....?
5. The lawyer said I shouldn't say anything to the police.
The lawyer advised me...**not to say anything to the police**.....

Complete the sentences with the correct tenses of the verbs given in the brackets. (1.25 marks)

1. Every morning, the sun shines in my bedroom window and ... **wakes**..... (wake) me up.
2. Last night my friend and I had some free time, so we ... **went**..... (go) to a show.
3. I ... **had never seen**.... (see, never) any of Picasso's paintings before I ... **visited**... (visit) the art museum.
4. ... **Do you always lock**..... (you/ lock/ always) the door to your apartment when you leave?

Read the passage below and decide which answer (A, B, C, D) best fits each space. (1 mark)

Hypatia was born in Alexandria in Egypt, in 370 A.D. For many centuries she was the only woman scientist to have a place in the history books.

Hypatia's father was director of Alexandria University, and he (1)..... sure his daughter had the best education available. This was unusual, as most women then had few (2).....to study.

After studying in Athens and Rome, Hypatia returned to Alexandria, (3)..... she began teaching mathematics. She soon became famous for her knowledge of new ideas.

We have no copies of her books, because we know that she wrote several important mathematics works. Hypatia was also interested in technology and (4).....several scientific tools to help with her work.

At the time many rulers were afraid of science, and anyone connected with it was in danger. One day in March 415, Hypatia was attacked in the street and killed

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 1. A. could | B made | C. said | D. put |
| 2. A. classes | B. customs | C opportunities | D. teachers |
| 3. A where | B. how | C. there | D. which |
| 4. A. did | B. experimented | C invented | D. learnt |

Read the passage and then choose the best option (1 mark)

The relationship between a teacher and a student can be good or bad, helpful or harmful. Either way, the relationship can affect the students for the rest of his life.

In order to have a good teacher-student relationship, it is important that the teacher and the student respect each other. If the teacher is too strict, he frightens the student. The student will not learn well. On the other hand, if the teacher is too friendly and permissive, the student may become lazy and stop working hard. The teacher's attitude and approach should be between these two extremes. He should encourage the students without forcing or punishing him to learn. He needs patience and understanding. It is part of the teacher's job to help develop a good positive attitude in his students. As for the student, in order to have a good relationship with his teacher, he must always show his proper respect. He should be eager to learn and willing to work hard. If he learns from the teacher modestly, he will be able to profit fully from his teacher's knowledge and assistance.

1. The relationship between a teacher and a student is considered very important because it
A. can be either good or bad
B. it's very harmful to the student
C. makes the student unsafe
D has great influence on the student's life
2. One of the most important factors for a good teacher-student relationship is the mutual
A. responsibility
B respect
C. support
D. understanding
3. In order to have a good teacher-student relationship, the student
A must be a hard-working person
B. must always support the teacher
C. must always be a gifted person
D. must always be an excellent person
4. According to the passage it's true that
A. the student always profit fully from his teacher
B. the student must thank for his teacher's knowledge and assistance
C the student must always show his proper respect to his teacher
D. the teacher himself needs to develop a good positive attitude