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| TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ GIA TỰ  **TỔ NGOẠI NGỮ** | **ĐÁP ÁN KIỂM TRA CUỐI KÌ II  NĂM HỌC 2022-2023**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 11 (HỆ 7 NĂM)** |

1. **LISTENING**

***PART I- Listen to the passage about Hoi An Ancient Town and decide whether the following statements are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F).***

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|  | **TRUE** | **FALSE** |
| 1. The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 kilometres south of DaNang | **X** |  |
| 2. Hoi An isn’t famous for its old temples, pagodas, small tile-roofed houses and narrow streets. |  | **X** |
| 3. The Japanese Covered Bridge, which was built in the 16th century and is still well-preserved | **X** |  |
| 4. In 1919, Hoi An was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site. |  | **X** |

***Tapescript:***

The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 kilometres south of Da Nang. It was formerly a major trading center in Southeast Asia between 16th and 17th centuries. Hoi An was also an important port for Dutch, Portuguese, Italian, Chinese, Japanese and other merchant vessels from the Far East.

Hoi An is famous for its old temples, pagodas, small tile-roofed houses and narrow streets. All the house were made of wood and their pillars were carved with ornamental designs.

One of the main attractions of Hoi An is the Japanese Covered Bridge, which was built in the 16th century and is still well-preserved. All visitors to Hoi An are recommended a visit to the Assembly Hall of Cantonese Chinese Congregation. This house was built in 1855 and still keeps many precious objects that belonged to the Chinese community of Hoi An. Another attractive address to tourists is Tan Ky House, which was constructed nearly two centuries ago as a house of a Vietnamese merchant. The house now looks almost exactly as it did in the early 19th century.

In recent years, Hoi An has become a popular tourist destination in Viet Nam. In 1999, it was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site.

***PART II- Listen and fill in the missing words in the passage.***

**Tapescript:**

On 4th October, (5)**1957** Moscow radio broadcast the news of the tremendous achievements, the former Soviet Union launched the world’s first artificial (6) **satellite.** The Russian word “sputnik" in one day became an international word. Since that time, the former Soviet Union has launched many other heavier sputniks and rockets to trail the path of man to the planets and the stars.The whole world was waiting for the first manned space (7) **flight**. Few people doubted that it would happen in the former Soviet Union. Nevertheless, the actual flight came as a complete surprise. On 12th April 1961, a Soviet Union pilot, Yuri Gagarin, took mankind's first step into space. This (8) **historical** event has provided that man can reach out and touch distant stars and discover the secrets of the universe.

**B. USE OF ENGLISH**

***I. LEXICO-GRAMMAR***

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 9 to 16.**

*Question 9.* In 1961, Yuri Gagarin lifted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_into space aboard the Vostok 1.

A. on B. up **C. off** D. in

*Question 10.* When Philip was at school, he…………………. speak English quite well.

A. was able **B. could** C. able to D. can

*Question 11.* All fossil fuels are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_resources that cannot be replaced after use.

**A. non-renewable** B. renewable C. available D. unlimited

*Question 12.* When a pharaoh was dead he was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in his pyramid.

A. carried B. hidden C. dug **D. buried**

*Question 13.* It is said that Ha Long Bay will be voted for one of the new seven \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the world.

A. wonder **B. wonders** C. wondered D. wonderful

*Question 14*. He seldom goes to the library, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. doesn’t he B. is he **C. does he** D. isn’t he

*Question 15.* The concert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I listened to last weekend was boring.

A. to that **B . Φ** C. for what D. for which

*Question 16.* The fire spread quickly, but luckily, everybody \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_escape.

A. could **B. was able to** C. were able to D. was not able to

***II. READING***

**Read the following passage. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 17 to 20.**

Hobbies are activities in which one participates strictly for (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ They help one to maintain a mental and emotional balance. A hobby can be almost anything. Music is the most popular. For example, many people all over the world play piano simply for relaxing and fun in their free hours, and they do not play professionally. Sports provide other (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_hobbies. Bicycling, running, tennis, ping-pong, and countless other sports are enjoyed by millions of people (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their leisure time.

Some people collect things as a hobby. Stamps, coins, and fine art are all popular collections, and valuable, too. There are still hundreds of others, not necessarily valuable but still interesting, such as doll collections, bottle collections, seashell collections, butterfly collections, and so on.

As you can see, hobbies can be relaxing, challenging, interesting, enjoyable, or (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so everyone should have one or two hobbies.

*Question 17.* **A. amusement** B. working C. researching D. investigating

*Question 18.* A. liking B. likely **C. favorite** D. loving

*Question 19*. A. for **B. during** C. of D. on

*Question 20.* A. education B. non-education **C. educational** D. educationally

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 21 to 24.***

60 years ago, the idea of disabled people doing sports was heard of. But when the annual games for the disabled were started at Stoke Mandeville, England in 1948 by Sir Ludwig Guttmann, the situation began to change.

Sir Ludwig Guttmann, who had been driven to England in 1939 from Nazi Germany, had been asked by British Government to set up an injury center at Stoke Mandeville near London. His ideas about treating injuries included sports for the disabled.

In the first games, just two teams of injured soldiers took part. The next year, 1949, five teams took part. From those beginnings, things have developed fast. Teams now come from abroad to Stoke Mandeville every year. In 1960 the first Olympics for the disabled were held in Rome, in the same place as the normal Olympic Games. Now every four years the Olympic Games for the disabled are held, if possible, in the same place as the normal Olympic Games, although they are organized separately. In other years Games for the Disabled are still held at Stoke Mandeville. In 1984 wheelchair Olympic Games, 1064

Wheelchair athletes from about 40 countries took part. Unfortunately, they were held at Stoke Mandeville and not in Los Angeles, along with the other Olympics.

The Games have been a great success in promoting international friendship and understanding, and proving that being disabled does not mean you can’t enjoy sport. One small source of disappointment for those who organize and take part in the games, however, has been the unwillingness of the International Olympic Committee to include disabled events at the Olympic Games for the able-bodied. Perhaps a few more years are still needed to convince those fortunate enough not to be disabled that their disabled fellow athletes should not be excluded.

*Question 21.* How long as the first games for the disabled held after Sir Ludwig Guttmann arrived in London?

**A. 9 years** B. 10 years C. 19 years D. 21 years

*Question 22.* Which of the following is not mentioned as the place where the Olympic Games for the disabled were held?

A. England B. Rome C. Stoke Mandeville **D. Los Angeles**

*Question 23.* Which of the following statements is not true?

A. Sir Ludwig Guttmann was an early organizer of the games for the disabled

B. **Sir Ludwig Guttmann was an injured soldier.**

C. Sir Ludwig Guttmann was from Germany

D. Sir Ludwig Guttmann was welcomed by the British government.

*Question 24*. What is the main idea of the reading passage?

A. Sir Ludwig Guttmann

B. Treating the disabled by playing sports

C. Organizing the Olympic Games for the disabled

D**. The history of the Olympic Games for the disabled**

***III. WRITING***

***Finish each of the following sentences, beginning with the given words or as directed so that it means the same as the sentence printed before.***

*Question 25*. It is thought that the company is planning a new advertising campaign. ***(Rewrite the sentence in another way, beginning as shown)***

=> The company **is thought to be planning a new advertising campaign.**

*Question 26.* The Second World War ended on 7 May 1945 in Europe. ***( Focus on the underlined part)***

=> **It was on 7 May 1945 that The Second World War ended in Europe .**

*Question 27*. I come from a city that is located in the southern part of the country. ***(Reduce the relative clause, using a participial phrase.)***

=> I **come from a city located in the southern part of the country**

*Question 28*. Jane is one of my closest friends. I have known her for eight years. ***(Join two sentences, using a relative clause).***

=> **Jane, who(m) I have known for eight years, is one of my closet friends.**

============= THE END ===============