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| **TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ GIA TỰ****TỔ: NGOẠI NGỮ** | **ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ II****NĂM HỌC 2023 - 2024**Môn: **TIẾNG ANH** Khối: 10Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (*không kể thời gian phát đề*)  |

**ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ GIỮA KỲ II KHỐI 10**

**NĂM HỌC 2023-2024**

**PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM: ( 6 MARKS)**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** **A.** transport**s** **B.** equip**s** **C.** create**s** **D. reminds**

**Question 2.** **A.** defores**t**ation **B.** mo**t**orcycle **C.** cafe**t**eria **D. mixture**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** **A. resource** **B.** product **C.** footprint **D.** damage

**Question 2.** **A.** qualify **B.** exercise **C. develop** **D.** register

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** I…………….call you if I need your help.

 **A. will call** **B.** would call **C.** called **D.** calls

**Question 2.** Health officials have tried to……………….people’s awareness about AIDS.

 **A.** try **B.** make **C. raise** **D.** do

**Question 3.** To combat climate change, we need to reduce the amount of …….such as carbon dioxide.

 **A.** litter **B.** landfill **C.** compost **D.greenhouse gases**

**Question 4.** If you inherited a million pounds, what………………….with the money?

 **A.** will you do **B. would you do** **C.** do you do **D.** are you going to do

**Question 5.** Both domestic and imported automobiles must…………….anti-pollution devices.

 **A. be equipped with** **B.** be equipped by **C.** equipped by **D.** equipped with

**Question 6.** That book………………by a famous author.

 **A.** is writing **B. was written** **C.** wrote **D.** has written

**Question 7.** This tennis………………….is 16 meters long and is used for double matches.

 **A.** pitch **B.** field **C. court** **D.** course

**Question 8.** Can you drop by the electronic store and buy one more cable to……….the printer to the laptop?

 **A.** supply **B. attach** **C.** join **D.** add

**Question 9.** In this day and age, computers ……………… an important role in our lives.

 **A.** raise **B. play** **C.** do **D.** make

**Question 10.** Proof of vaccination must be shown……………….arrival at the airport.

 **A.** in **B.** by **C. on** **D.** at

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** I’ve **booked** a hotel room for my business trip.

 **A.** returned **B.** delivered **C. reserved** **D.** ordered

**Question 2.** One of the gym **regulations** is that customers can not bring their own equipment.

 **A.** services **B.** rooms **C. rules** **D.** facilities

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** Her **fashionable** style is the key to success as a trendsetter.

 **A.** trendy **B.** contemporary **C. outdated** **D.** immature

**Question 2.** **Polluted** water can do harm to both humans and animals.

 **A. clean** **B.** contaminate **C.** muddy **D.** dirty

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

**Question 1.** Jack: “ We should buy drinks that come in reusable bottles.”

 Nina: “………………….”

 **A.** No, That won’t be difficult to do. **B.** Yes, I beg to differ.

 **C. Yes, I agree** **D.** No, I think so

**Question 2.** Harry: “……………………”

Luccy: “ It vacuums and mops the floor for you?”

 **A.** How to operate this machine? **B. How does this machine make life easier?**

 **C.** Which invention makes your life easier? **D.** Do you often do chores on your own?

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions**

**THINK BEFORE YOU TOSS**

Countries around the world have growing mountains of trash because people are throwing out more trash than ever before. How did we become a throwaway society?

First of all, it is now easier to replace an item than to spend time and money to repair it. Thanks to modern manufacturing and technology, companies are able to produce items quickly and inexpensively. Products are plentiful and prices are low, so we would rather buy something new than repair it. Even if we did want to repair something, many items are almost impossible to repair. These products contain many tiny, complicated parts. Some even contain small computer chips. It's easier to throw these items away and buy new ones than to fix them.

Another contributing factor is our love of disposable products. As busy people, we are always looking for ways to save time and make our lives easier. Why should we use cloth kitchen towels? It's easier to use paper towel once and toss it out. Companies manufacture thousands of different kinds of **disposable** items: paper plates, plastic cups, cameras, and razors for shaving, to name a few. The problem is that disposable products also contribute to our trash problem.

Our **appetite** for new products also contributes to the problem. We are addicted to buying things. As consumers, we want the latest clothes, the best TVs, and cellphones with the best features. Companies tell us to buy, buy, and buy. Advertisements persuade us the new is better. The result is that we throw away useful possessions to make room for new ones.

**Question 1.** Which of the following is NOT a reason for people to replace a broken item?

 **A.** Some products contain tiny, complicated chips.

 **B.** Products are now mass produced at affordable prices.

 **C.** Many items are too complicated to repair.

 **D. It takes almost no time to fix broken items.**

**Question 2.** All of the following are disposable products, EXCEPT ………………..

 **A.** plastic cups **B. cloth kitchen towels** **C.** paper plates **D.** razors for shaving

**Question 3.** The word “**disposable**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to ………………..

 **A.** inexpensive **B.** convenient **C.** throwaway **D. single-use**

**Question 4.** Why are we hooked on buying new things?

 **A. We are made to believe that the new is the better.**

 **B.** We have more money than ever before.

 **C.** We want to own as many things as possible.

 **D.** We throw the old items to make room for the new ones.

**Question 5.** The word “**appetite**” in the last paragraph can be best replaced by……………….

 **A.** need **B. desire** **C.** taste **D.** demand

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks**

Wangari Maathai was the first African woman to receive the Nobel Peace Prize in 2004. She was also the first female scholar from East and Central Africa to take a doctorate (in biology), and the first female professor ever in her home country of Kenya**.** Maathai played an (1) ………………. part in the struggle for democracy in Kenya**.**

As a young girl in Kenya, she (2)………………. by a rich, beautiful forest. As she saw the forest being cut down, she understood how the lack of forests made farming and life more difficult for her (3) ……………….. People fought over water and over food.She decided to plant nine seedlings and as the trees grew, she had her plans to plant trees for peace.

In 1977 she started a movement aimed (4)……………….. opposing the deforestation that was threatening the means of subsistence of the agricultural population. The campaign encouraged woman to plant trees in their local environments and to think ecologically. The so-called Green Belt Movement spread to other African countries and contributed to the planting of over thirty million trees.

Maathai's Green Belt Movements for African women was not limited in its vision to work for sustainable development, she saw tree-planting in a broader perspective (5)……………….included democracy, women’s rights, and international solidarity, as in the words of the Nobel Committee, "She thinks globally and acts locally".

**Question 1.** **A.** acting **B.** action **C.** act **D. active**

**Question 2.** **A.** surrounded **B.** were surrounded **C. was surrounded** **D.** surrounding

**Question 3.** **A. community** **B.** ability **C.** humanity **D.** responsibility

**Question 4.** **A.** in **B.** to **C.** on **D. at**

**Question 5.** **A.** who **B. which** **C.** why **D.** whom

**PHẦN TỰ LUẬN : ( 4 MARKS)**

***Complete the sentences with the correct tenses of the verbs given in the brackets. ( 1 mark)***

**Question 1.** The earth ………………………**circles**…………(circle) the sun once every 365 days.

**Question 2.** A lot of trees ………………**were blown**……….(blow) down in a storm a few days ago.

**Question 3.** It takes me an hour to get to work in the morning. How long **does it take** ( it/ take) you?

**Question 4.** The number of buses **increased** (increase) in the town last year.

***Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words given in the brackets. ( 1 mark)***

**Question 1.** Telephones allow us to **instantly** contact others in emergencies. ( INSTANT)

**Question 2.** Scientists are still working hard to find a cure for the **deadly** virus. ( DEAD)

**Question 3.** The children are beginning to **develop** a sense of responsibility.

( DEVELOPMENT)

**Question 4.** May I see your license and ……**registration**….., Ma'am? ( REGISTER)

**Finish each of the following sentences, beginning with the given words or as directed so that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. *( 2 marks)***

**Question 1.** They canceled all flights because of fog.

All flights **were canceled because of fog.**

**Question 2.** Farmers use a lot of chemicals for farming, so the soil is polluted seriously.

If **farmers didn’t use a lot of chemicals for farming, the soil wouldn’t be polluted seriously.**

**Question 3.** Make me some coffee, and I’ll give you some sweets.

If **you make me some coffee, I’ll give you some sweets.**

**Question 4.** Mrs Smith does volunteer work at the hospital. She is a retired teacher. ( ***Combine the sentences, using relative clauses)***

**Mrs Smith, who is a retired teacher, does volunteer work at the hospital.**

**Mrs Smith, who does volunteer work at the hospital, is a retired teacher.**